

高三一轮语法专项复习： 非谓语动词(*non-predicate verbs*)

Sookie



Do you believe in
destiny(命运)?

Nezha

Not believing (believe) in
destiny is the fate of Nezha.



Lead-in *(Watch a video, and fill in the blanks.)*

- 1. I cast a spell that will introduce the Divine Thunder down to the earth _____(destroy) the Devil Ball.**
- 2. He wants _____(bury) all the people in Chentangguan alive.**
- 3. _____(be) a demon or an immortal is only up to me.**
- 4. Not _____(believe) in destiny is the fate of Nezha.**
- 5. You are the one _____(decide) who you are.**
- 6. _____(disfavor) by the fate, you should fight it to the end.**



《哪吒之魔童降世》终极预告

英语趣配音
FUN DUBBING



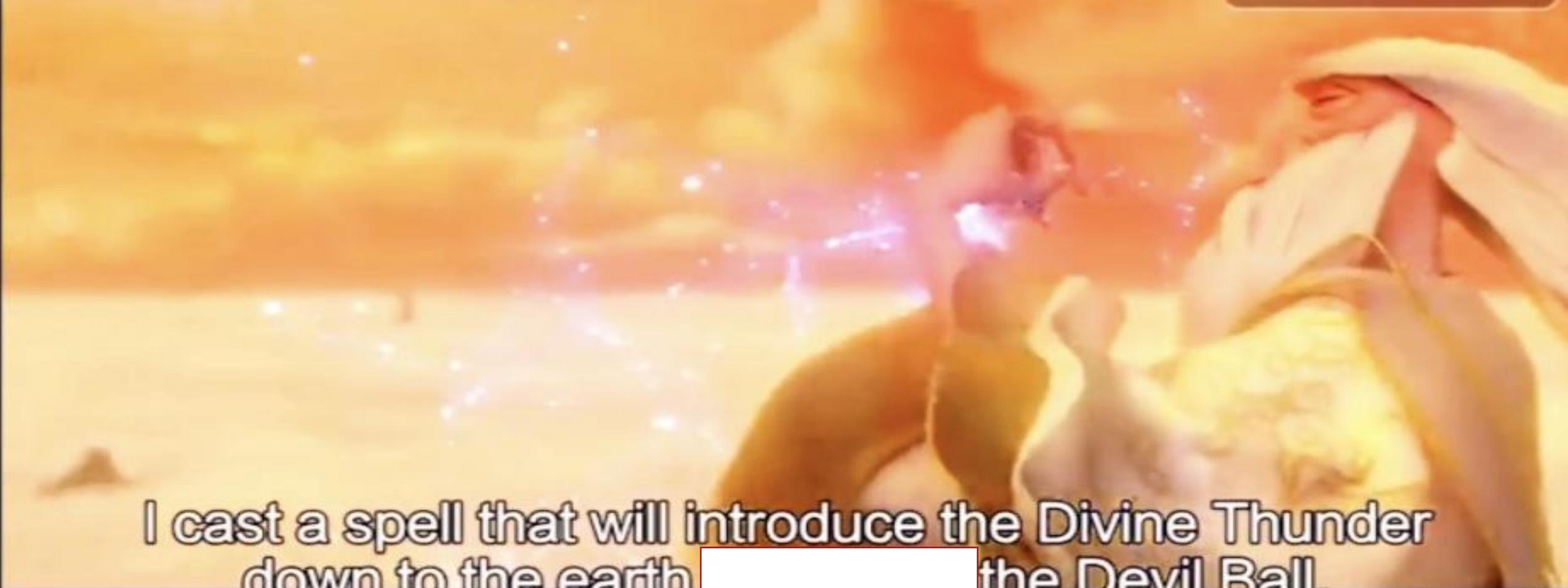
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高清





I cast a spell that will introduce the Divine Thunder
down to the earth the Devil Ball.

我施了天劫咒 引天雷下凡 摧毁魔丸

1. I cast a spell that will introduce the Divine Thunder down to the earth to destroy (destroy) the Devil Ball.



He wants all the people in Chentanguan alive.
他想把陈唐关活埋了

2. He wants to bury (bury) all the people in Chentanguan alive.



a demon or an immortal is only up to me!

是魔是仙 我自己说了算

3. Being (be) a demon or an immortal is only up to me.



You are the only one who
you are. My dad taught me that.

你是谁只有自己说了才算 这是爹教我的道理

4. You are the one deciding (decide) who you are.



If you are disfavored by the fate, then fight it to the end.
若命运不公 就和它斗到底

5. Disfavored (disfavor) by the fate, you should fight it to the end.

Non-predicate verbs(非谓动词)

1. I cast a spell that will introduce the Divine Thunder down to the earth **to destroy** the Devil Ball.
2. He wants **to bury** all the people in Chentangguan alive.
3. **Being** a demon or an immortal is only up to me.
4. You are the one **deciding** who you are.
5. **Disfavored** by the fate, you should fight it to the end.

Identify *(What is non-predicate verbs?)*

一个句子只有一个谓语动词，除非存在连词（并列句）或从句（复合句）！！！！

Disfavored by the fate, you should fight it to the end.

If you are disfavoured by the fate, then fight it to the end.

Practice 1: *Predicate verbs* or *Non-predicate verbs* ? (P or NP ?)

- ✍ 1. Like many other students, you may have various people, NP (include) family members and friends, giving input on your college decision. (2021八省)
- ✍ 2. Inspired by the Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation NP (hold) in Beijing, Cao decided to cover the route by hiking as a tribute (致敬) to the ancient Silk Road. (2022甲卷)
- ✍ 3. NP (strengthen) the connection with young people, the event included a number of public promotional activities on social media, NP (invite) twenty-nine tea professionals from around the world to have thirty-six hours of uninterrupted live broadcasts. (2022乙卷)
- ✍ 4. It P (build) originally to protect the city in the Tang dynasty and has now been completely restored (修复) .(2021甲卷) ▲

Review

非谓语动词

to do

目的

将来

doing

主动

同时

done

被动

完成

Compare & summarize¹ (How to use non-predicate verbs?)

You are **the one** **deciding** who you are.

- 1. **The teacher** came in, following (follow) the students .
- 2. **The teacher** came in, followed (follow) by the students .
- 3. And when he saw the mists rising from the river and the **soft clouds** surrounding (surround) the mountain tops, he was reduced to tears. (2020 全国 III 卷)
- 4. Surrounded (surround) by trees, **the campus** seems more beautiful.

找到非谓语动词的**逻辑主语**，并判断其和**非谓语动词的主被动关系**。

Practice 2: *Active or Passive ?* (Find out the correct logical subject.)

- ✍ 1. Like many other students, you may have **various people** including (include) family members and friends, giving input on your college decision. (2021八省)
- ✍ 2. Inspired by the Belt and Road **Forum** for International Cooperation held (hold) in Beijing, Cao decided to cover the route by hiking as a tribute (致敬) to the ancient Silk Road. (2022甲卷)
- ✍ 3. To strengthen the connection with young people, **the event** included a number of public promotional activities on social media, inviting (invite) twenty-nine tea professionals from around the world to have thirty-six hours of uninterrupted live broadcasts. (2022乙卷)
- ✍ 4. Behind the simple style, however, is a serious **message** intended (intend) for everyone. (2023新 II)

Practice 2: *Active or Passive ?* (Find out the correct logical subject.)

- ✍ 5. It is different from traditional tourism because it allows the **traveler** to become educated (educate) about the areas. (2021乙卷)
- ✍ 6. Though it is the only unnatural thing on your way up the mountain, still it highlights the whole adventure and offers a place where you can sit down to rest your aching (ache) **legs.** (2021新 I)
- ✍ 7. “It can help to build a community with a shared (share) **future** for mankind,” he said. (2022乙卷)
- ✍ 8. Shanghai may be the recognized (recognize) **home** of the soup dumplings but food historians will actually point you to the neighboring canal town of Nanxiang as Xiao long bao’s birthplace. (2023新 I)

Compare & summarize2 (How to use non-predicate verbs?)

✍ 1. The test to be held (hold) tomorrow is so difficult.

将来

✍ 2. The issue being discussed (discuss) now is of great importance to our life.

进行

✍ 3. Having visited (visit) several times over the last 10 years, I was amazed by the co-existence of old and new, and how a city was able to keep such a rich heritage (遗产) while constantly growing. (2023甲卷) 完成

关注明显的时间状语和句意, 判断非谓语动词是否发生在谓语动词的之前或之后。

Compare & summarize 3 (How to use non-predicate verbs?)

1. **To learn** (learn) more about Chinese culture Jack has taken the Chinese folk lesson **to cast a spell that will destroy the earth** **to destroy**

2. **Driving** (drive) a

3. **Being a demon or**

4. A visually-challenged person **first step** **to journey** **to bury** a

5. Activities there range from **aim** to **to** accommodations **to** environment. (2021乙卷)

6. **It is possible** **to walk** (walk) or bike the entire 14 kilometers. (2021甲卷)

7. They are easy **to care** (care) for and make great presents. (2020 全国 II 卷)

- the first(序数词) to do sth.

- aim to do

- It+be动词+adj.+(for sb.) to do sth.

- 主语+be+adj.+to do”(常用于该结构的形容词有 easy,difficult,hard,cheap,expensive,good, important, impossible等)

固定搭配/句型

辨别**谓语**还是**非谓语**（一个句

1 子只有一个谓语动词，除非存在连词或从句）

2 确定逻辑主语

分析**主动**还是**被动**

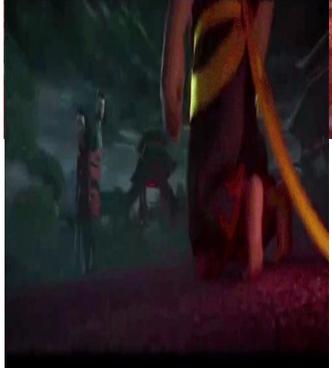
3 留意明显的时间状语与句意

判断非谓语有无**特殊时态**

4 其他用法

表目的；动名词；固定搭配

Practice 3 (Finish the story)



As we all know, Nezha was born as a devil. 1. Being (be) the devil is the fate of Nezha. Nezha tried his best, but he found himself not 2. accepted (accept) by people. He hated the people. What he wanted 3. to do (do) was 4. to kill (kill) all of the villagers.

5. Encouraged (encourage) by his parents, he decided 6. to change (change) his mind. He became stronger. He got some super power and weapons 7. given (give) by his master.

At last, 8. to save (save) all of the people's lives, he made great efforts and finally 9. succeeded (succeed), 10. making (make) himself a hero.

Challenge yourself ! (改编自2023新高考 I 卷)



Xiao long bao (soup dumplings), those amazing constructions of delicate dumpling wrappers, encasing hot, tasty soup and sweet, fresh meat, are far and away my favorite Chinese street food. The dumplings arrive steaming and dangerously hot. To eat one, you have to decide **whether 1. to bite** (bite) a small hole in it first, releasing the steam and risking a spill (溢出), **or to put** the whole dumpling in your mouth, letting the hot soup explode on your tongue. Shanghai may be the recognized home of the soup dumplings but food historians will actually point you to the neighboring canal town of Nanxiang as *Xiao long bao*'s birthplace. There you will **find them 2. prepared** (prepare) differently — more dumpling and less soup, **and** the wrappers **3. are pressed** (press) by hand rather than rolled. Nanxiang aside, the best *Xiao long bao* have a fine skin, allowing them to be lifted out of the steamer basket without tearing or spilling any of their contents. The meat should be fresh with a touch of sweetness and the soup hot, clear and delicious.

No matter where I buy them, one steamer **4. is** (be) rarely enough, **yet** two seems greedy, **so I am always left 5. wanting** (want) more next time.

Polish up



Emily was absorbed in the world of art. She forgot everything. Her eyes were fixed on the paper. Emily racked her brain(绞尽脑汁) to choose what to paint. However, she was lost in the ocean of colors and patterns. Emily gradually began to doubt herself again. Later, she overcame her shyness and turned to Mrs. Anderson for help. Emily was inspired by Mrs. Anderson. She restored her confidence and was determined to achieve a satisfying painting.

句式单一

关系松散

Totally **absorbed** in the world of art, Emily almost forgot everything. (*To be continued...*)

Polish up



生动活泼

结构紧凑

Totally **absorbed** in the world of art, Emily almost forgot everything. With her eyes **fixed** on the paper, Emily racked her brain to choose what to paint. However, **lost** in the ocean of colors and patterns, Emily gradually began to doubt herself again. **Having overcome** her shyness, she turned to Mrs. Anderson for help. **Inspired** by the teacher, Emily restored her confidence and was determined to achieve a satisfying painting.

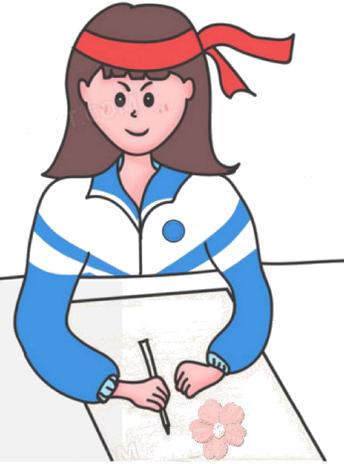
Conclusion



我
命
由
我
不
由
天



Do you believe in destiny ?



What kind of people can master their own destiny?

People

stepping out of their comfort zone
using strategies cleverly
pursuing their dreams with determination
...

**can master
their own
destiny.**



Homework

Review & Reflect

Thanks~

Goodbye~

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